

F. SCOTT STOKES.

26.ii.36

My dear Farr -

Many thanks - what a work!

I hope my notes are clear - they are not all important.

p.1 - capital - i.e. that on which we would pay
Dividends - no relation to the actual
capital in the business.

p.2 - collapse of value is what really cost us money -
~~we~~ we want a small trading profit otherwise.

p.3 - "Travellers' sales" were up to £70,000 before the
stamp. Now just a fraction
'an effective monopoly' - d, m!

p.7 - If size of business here rises from £50,000,
Overdraft comes from any to that. The intended
profits would have come to more than £200,000
in one year

p.8 - bills - the point is, there are guaranteed by
our Bankers to the authorities as all jobs in
connection with particular transactions - in
point of fact they are guaranteed (by market
movement) & are removed just like the overdraft
There is no question of security at any point
either for overdraft or for bills. We could
formally put this in order by obviously
specifying transactions against each bill -
unwise!

1000 - stocks. Selling price say 150
cost (incl. R. & C.) 1000
only wages & materials say 80
payments taken at 1000 -
which is perfectly fair -
was, probably, at 20 -
for which they could never
be made

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